

LEADERS IN BOTH PARTIES EXPRESS HOPE OF VICTORY

Republican Chairman Claims Possible Electoral Votes For Harding of 395; White Gives No Figures; Eleventh Hour Contests Intense in Home State of Standard Bearers; Socialists Predict Large Gains in Country.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—With the opening of the polls but a few hours away, both Republican and Democratic headquarters early today confidently took up the stride which will carry them to the finish of the presidential contest tomorrow.

"Cox and Roosevelt will win," declared George White, Democratic national chairman.

Will Hays, leader of the Republican forces, translated his expectations into figures, expressing the conviction that Harding will have no less than 368—probably 395—electoral votes out of 531. The number required to elect is 266.

Interlarded in the last day of the great fight centers in the final days, bound to being over, the "dough" states with large electoral votes in balance, or in excess of the franchise in all the states for the first time.

Speculation in ordinarily well informed political circles, centers about the substantial probability that the voters who will vote tomorrow in com-

States wherein the electoral vote is not large enough to be indispensable.

Class 2. Those states in which the salient example of states in the first category is Ohio, whose state of the two principal candidates, with 24 electoral votes, is not indispensable to the second class, is Nevada with only three.

States where the eleventh hour contest is intense, with both parties anxious of success, are: North Carolina, Kentucky, Tennessee, New Mexico, Tennessee, North Carolina and Oklahoma. All these states are in the second class, and are claimed by both Republicans and Democrats.

Contribution of the woman's vote, and the possibility of its being as a whole, a determining factor in the election, is tabulated on election probabilities compiled over a period of years in which the woman's vote has been considered in one political faith or the other.

Specialists. Loss: 2,000,000.

The Socialist party has made claim for the largest proportionate woman's vote. Among the new voters are the young women, the college graduates, the socialists, who, they say, will vote the ticket in protest against the present administration, and the industrial workers. Eugene V. Debs, the Socialist, predicted a vote of at least 1,000,000 for the Socialist. The actual vote was less than 500,000.

...of the voter is the subject "what will the women do?" Leaders of both major parties discuss possession of advance information on what is to be expected of the new class of voters exercising their

start out to break electoral college records tomorrow they must also be seen in the election of 1912 president Wilson. His majority 725 was the greatest in the record of American elections.

TWO BIG ISSUES IN N. M. CAMPAIGN

By GUTHRIE SMITH.

SANTA FE, N. M., Nov. 1.—Stripped of all complexities, there remain only two fundamental questions of vital importance to be decided by the New Mexican voters tomorrow. These questions are:

1.—Is Judge Murray C. Moorman or Judge R. Harry Hanna the better qualified and equipped by temperament, experience and executive ability of tax dodgers, aided and abetted by the legislature.

Second Unsound State Policies.

His tendency toward rather indiscriminate use of funds may be illustrated with a few instances. McKinley and Grant counties, he was showing the difference between Santa Fe railroads which pay a proportion of taxes, and Chile-Cope Company, reimbursement as the most notorious of all the tax dodgers asserted that the Santa Fe pays

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of oratory. Hear placed his reliance in plain, straightforward statements as to his policies and opinions, drawn from the platform in nearly identical words. He was not guilty of a failure in every effort to draw him into personalities. The platform of his convention from which he received the nomination has been the principal

has made no statement or insinuation that his approach, if elected, would be to remove the corporation motives or would he unshakely influenced by those whose counsel might lead to the "Toll" bill.

If an unscrupulous, dignified way he has kept retreating that he will do this simply to carry out the platform pledges and that any failure to keep the faith will be through no fault of his.

Judge Hanna is raised by his friends and supporters as a speaker of no mean talents, but speaks upon his numerous occasions between campaigns.

Democratic papers in advertising him as a speaker, who have characterized him as "New Mexico's most distinguished orator."

His speech his campaign at Las Vegas, as his remarks accepting the nomination of the convention, by denouncing H. O. Burgess, the Republican, who attacked the campaign, as described as the New Mexico legislator.

He began his denunciation of Burgess in the following manner:

"I have hardly stopped since, except for a few snatching spells, at rare intervals, since I attacked this campaign. I have been ordered upon everything Republican and the corporations, the latter being charged with the offense of carrying on renewed plots to prevent the people of New Mexico from electing and to express doubts as to the ability to elect Judge Hanna, but also to elect the corporation of electing Judge Hanna. One of the Democratic business men said: 'The great majority of the business in this state is transacted by corporations and if governor Hanna's administration should mean his setup in the mountains and corporations, then there might be a disastrous change for the worse in our business conditions.' I am confident in my ability to know whether it would be safe to elect Judge Hanna."

Now the People Think.

It was one of the surest things Republican in the state who said in reviewing the situation and the prospects in the election: "The logic of Judge Hanna's defeat, when he was elected, resulted in 1918 cannot be escaped. He was elected to the supreme bench in 1911 without having any real success in ruling on the strict bench. The records do not show that he ever had been. In court on any of the cases, the ruling on the Republican counties were split with open, and yet Judge Hanna went into office with a plurality of 12,000 votes."

(Continued on page 2, column 2.)

If You Don't Know How To Mark Your Ballot. Ask An Election Officer: Make Your Vote Count